

GPS/JIPS Safety Summary

1. SUBSTANCE NAME

2-Isocyanatoethyl methacrylate (CAS No. 30674-80-7)

2. GENERAL STATEMENT

2-isocyanatoethyl methacrylate manufactured by our company is a functional monomer characterized by the presence of polymerizable methacryl groups and isocyanate groups that react with various active hydrogen compounds in the same molecule. The molecular design is facilitated by such means as synthesizing a polymer with an isocyanate group (oligomer) by reacting the double bond first and synthesizing a polymer with a double bond (oligomer) by reacting the isocyanate group first. It can be used in a wide range of fields, including paint and coating materials and light-sensitive resin materials. It is harmful to the human body and is life threatening if inhaled. It causes irritation to the skin and may cause allergic skin reaction. It also causes strong eye irritation. Therefore, it is necessary to wear protective equipment during use to protect the eyes and skin and prevent inhalation.

3. CHEMICAL IDENTITY

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Chemical or generic | 2-Isocyanatoethyl methacrylate |
| name | |
| Trade name | Karenz MOI |
| CAS No. | 30674-80-7 |
| Other Nos. | Japan: Chemical Substances Control Law (2)-3378 |
| | Japan: Industrial Safety and Health Act 2-(6)-1145 |
| Chemical Formula | C ₇ H ₉ NO ₃ |
| Structual Formnula | H ₃ C O |
| Source/References | Section 3 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation |

4. USES AND APPLICATIONS

| Main uses | It is used as a raw material for electronic materials (liquid resist, film |
|-----------|---|
| | resist, color filter resist, semiconductor tape, adhesive, bonding agent), |
| | printing (print plate, color calibration), medical care (soft contact lens, |
| | dental material), fiber/paper/wood (surface treatment agent), automobile |
| | (top coat, repair paint, part paint), home appliance (substrate, insulation |
| | material), and building materials (cement primer, paint, bonding agent). |

5. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

2-isocyanatoethyl methacrylate is a colorless to slightly yellow liquid, having a pungent odor. It is stable under normal use conditions, but it is polymerized by heat, light, etc. When storing, it is necessary to avoid sunlight and to store it in a cool and dark place to avoid polymerization.

| Appearance | Liquid |
|---|--|
| Colour | Colourless to slightly yellow |
| Odour | Pungent |
| Melting point/Boiling point | < −20.15 °C / 207 °C |
| Flash point | 99 °C (Cleveland open style) |
| Explosive limits (vol %) | No data available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 422 °C |
| Vapour pressure | 0.018 kPa (20 °C) |
| Relative density | 1.1 (25°C) |
| Solubility | Water: Not measurable due to reaction. Organic solvents that do not contain active hydrogen:Easily soluble |
| Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.72 (calculated) |
| Kinematic viscosity | 1.6 mm²/s (25°C) |
| Sources/references | Section 9 and 10 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation |

6. HEALTH EFFECTS

| Ecc | D 1: (0110.11 1.01 10 11 1.1 1.1 |
|--|--|
| Effect assessment | Results (GHS Hazard Classification) |
| Acute toxicity (oral) | Category 4 Harmful if swallowed |
| Acute toxicity (dermal) | Classification not possible |
| Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) | Not applicable |
| Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour) | Category 1 Fatal if inhaled |
| Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) | Classification not possible |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 Causes skin irritation |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation, | Category 1 Causes serious eye damage |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Category 1 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled |
| Skin sensitisation | Category 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Classification not possible |
| Carcinogenicity | Classification not possible |
| Reproductive toxicity | Classification not possible |
| Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure | Classification not possible |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | Classification not possible |
| Aspiration hazard | Classification not possible |
| Referencese | Section 2 and 11 of SDS issued by Resonac |
| | Corporation |

- \cdot GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals): A system that classifies chemicals according to the type and degree of hazards, labels the information, and provides safety data sheets according to globally harmonized rules.
- · Not applicable: Since the priority of physical state, chemical structure, chemical property, and hazard items used in the GHS classification procedures does not fall under the category, it is not subject to the classification for the category.
- · Not classified: Sufficient information has been obtained to implement the GHS classification, and as a result of the classification, it does not fall under any of the hazard categories specified in the GHS.
- · Classification not possible : There is not enough information for GHS classification, and classification is not possible.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

| Effect assessment | Results (GHS Hazard Classification) |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short- | Classification not possible |

| term (acute) | |
|---|--|
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long- | Classification not possible |
| term (chronic) | |
| Hazardous to the ozone layer | Classification not possible |
| Sources/references | Sections 2 and 12 of the SDS issued by |
| | Resonac Corporation |

| Environmental fate/dynamics | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Mobility in soil | Koc=64.7 | |
| Persistence/degradabili ty | Biodegradation test (OECD TG301B, 28 days): degradation rate 87% | |
| Bioaccumulation | Log Pow = 1.72 | |
| potential | Accumulation is suggested to be low. | |
| Conclusion about PBT/vPvB | The criteria for persistent bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT; remaining persistently in the environment and possessing high bioaccumulation potential and toxicity) and very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB; remaining very persistently in the environment and possessing very high bioaccumulation potential) chemicals are believed to inapplicable. | |
| Sources/references | Sections 12 of the SDS issued by Resonac Corporation | |

8. EXPOSURE

| Details | Exposure potentials through main uses |
|------------------------|---|
| Occupational exposures | Exposure to this product occurs in manufacturing facilities and various |
| | industrial facilities that use the substance, but the exposure in |
| | operators is relatively low because all of them are in closed processes |
| | under controlled conditions; therefore, there is almost no possibility of |
| | atmospheric release of the product. However, inhalation and contact |
| | with the skin/eyes may occur during sampling, filling, and transfer |
| | operations. |
| Consumer exposures | This product is not used directly by general consumers. |
| Environmental | Since our company products are typically manufactured and used in |
| exposures | closed processes, the potential for release into the environment is |
| | limited. |
| Precautions | If there is a possibility of exposure in other uses, take appropriate |
| | measures with reference to recommended risk management measures. |

9. RISK MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommended risk management measures can minimize risks to workers, consumers, and the environment from Section 8 exposure scenarios.

| Details | Risk management recommendations |
|---------|--|
| Worker | Technical measures, local exhaust, and general ventilation |
| | Install local exhaust ventilation and general ventilation equipment at |
| | the manufacturing, storage, and handling areas for our company |
| | products, and install eyewash facility and safety shower near the |
| | handling areas. |
| | Permissible concentration |
| | It is not established. |

| | Duatastiva aguinment |
|---------------------------|--|
| | Protective equipment |
| | During operation, wear a gas mask for organic gas or an air-line mask, |
| | gloves, apron, boots (use a chloroprene rubber protective equipment |
| | because it penetrates the rubber protective equipment) to avoid |
| | contact with the skin; also use goggles to prevent air from entering so |
| | that eye irritation can be avoided. |
| | Precautions |
| | The operation manager should educate operators about the selection |
| | of appropriate protective equipment, proper usage method, and control |
| | method of the work site. |
| Consumer | This product is not used directly by general consumers. |
| Environment | Take care not to discharge the spilled product into rivers, etc., and |
| | affect the environment. Since the product has a strong odor or |
| | irritancy, take appropriate measures, such as notifying people in the |
| | vicinity of the leakage. |
| Special notes | If the product leaks, allow it to be absorbed by an absorbent, such as |
| (emergency measures | vermiculite, sawdust, and sand, and treat it with dilute ammonia water |
| in case of leakage, etc.) | (e.g., 50% ethylene glycol water mixed with concentrated ammonia |
| | water [1/10 amount]). Immediately remove ignition sources from the |
| | vicinity and prepare suitable extinguishing media. |
| Precautions | For normal handling, emergency response, disposal, and transportation |
| | control measures, refer to sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 13, and 14 of the SDS |
| | issued by Resonac Corporation. |

10. STATE AGENCY REVIEW

| Hazard assessment | Situations of review |
|-------------------------------|--|
| International Chemical Safety | None |
| Cards | |
| OECD HPV | None |
| NITE-CHRIP (NITE Chemical | https://www.nite.go.jp/en/chem/chrip/chrip_search/srhInput |
| Risk Information Platform) | |
| GHS Classification Results by | https://www.nite.go.jp/chem/english/ghs/10-mhlw-0159e.html |
| the Japanese Government | |

11. REGULATORY INFORMATION / GHS CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING INFORMATION

Regulatory information only in Japan

| Applicable laws | Regulatory situations |
|---|--|
| Industrial Safety and Health Act | Not applicable |
| Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act | Not applicable |
| Fire Service Act | Category IV inflammable liquids, Class III petroleum, water-immiscible liquids (Article 2, Paragraph 7 of the Act, Hazardous materials, Annexed Table 1) Class III petroleum, water-immiscible liquids |
| Ship Safety Act | Poisonous substances: Poison (Article 2 and 3 of Regulations for the Carriage and Storage of Dangerous Goods in Ship, Cabinet |

| | Order Concerning the Control of Hazardous Materials appended | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Table 1) | | |
| Civil Aeronautics Act | Properties prohibited from transportation (Article 194 of Civil | | |
| | Aeronautics Act Enforcement Regulations) | | |
| Port Regulations Act | Hazardous materials (Poison) (Article 21-2 of the Act, Article 12 | | |
| | of Enforcement Ordinance, Notification of the Enforcement | | |
| | Regulations of the Port Regulations Act specifying the types of | | |
| | hazardous materials) | | |
| Act on the Assessment of | Not applicable | | |
| Releases of Specified | | | |
| Chemical Substances in the | | | |
| Environment and the | | | |
| Promotion of Management | | | |
| Improvement and Transfer | | | |
| Register / PRTR) | | | |
| UN classification | 6.1 | | |
| UN No. | UN2206 Isocyanate solution, toxic, n.o.s. | | |

| Hazards | Classification results (hazard information) | |
|----------------|--|--|
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 | |
| | Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapour), Category 1 | |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 | |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 | |
| | Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 | |
| | Skin sensitisation, Category 1A | |

| Labelling Information | nformation | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Hazard pictograms (GHS) | | | | | |
| Signal word (GHS) | Danger | | | | |
| Hazard statements (GHS) | Harmful if swallowed. (H302) | | | | |
| | Causes skin irritation. (H315) | | | | |
| | May cause an allergic skin reaction. (H317) | | | | |
| | Causes serious eye damage. (H318) | | | | |
| | Fatal if inhaled. (H330) | | | | |
| | May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (H334) | | | | |

12. CONTACT INFORMATION

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13. DATE OF ISSUE / REVISION, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Date of issue: November 30, 2021

Revisions:

| Date of revision | Revised section | Revised item | Version |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| January 1, 2023 | 3, 10, 11, 12, 13 | Update to the latest information | Rev.2 |

The contents are based on the safety data sheet (SDS) created on January 1, 2023.

Special instructions: none

14. DISCLAIMER

The safety summary is part of the effort for the voluntary management of chemical substance in the chemical industry (GPS/JIPS: Japan Initiative of Product Stewardship). The purpose of the safety summary is to provide information on the safe handling of the product as an overview and not to provide professional information, such as the risk evaluation process and its impact on human health and the environment. This document is not meant to serve as an alternative to risk evaluation, such as a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) or a Chemical Safety Report (CSR). This safety summary is being written as accurately as possible based on data such as laws, materials, and information available at the time of publication, but it does not include all data. It does not guarantee anything.