

SHOWA DENKO K.K.

GPS/JIPS Safety Summary

1. SUBSTANCE NAME

Octafluoropropane (CAS No.: 76-19-7)

2. GENERAL STATEMENT

Under normal temperatures, octafluoropropane is a stable, clear, odorless, non-flammable gas that has been specified as a greenhouse gas. When handling the gas, it is necessary to exercise caution in regard to oxygen deficiency and high-pressure gas.

Our high-quality octafluoropropane is suitable for use in semiconductor manufacturing processes, as an etching gas.

3. CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Item	Description
Chemical or generic	Octafluoropropane
name	
Product name	High Purity FC-218
CAS No.	76-19-7
Other Nos.	Japan: Chemical Substances Control Law (2)-99
	EC No. EINECS No: 200-941-9
Chemical formula	$CF_3CF_2CF_3$
Structural formula	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F
Sources/references	Sections 3 and 16 of the SDS issued by SHOWA DENKO K.K.

4. USES AND APPLIC	CATIONS
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Our octafluoropropane is used for an etching gas or a cleaning gas
as a high-quality gas for producing semiconductors. Other
applications of octafluoropropane include a refrigerant agent.

5. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Octafluoropropane takes form of a clear gas under normal temperatures and pressures.

Appearance	Gas
Color	Colorless
Odor	Odor similar to ether
Boiling point	-36.7°C
Flammability	Non-combustible
Auto-ignition	No reliable data
temperature	

Vapor pressure	0.788MPa (21.1°C)
Vapor density	6.5(Air=1)
Solubility in water	No reliable data
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	3.12(calculated value)
Sources/references	Section 9 of the SDS issued by SHOWA DENKO K.K.

6. HEALTH EFFECTS

Effect assessment	Results (GHS ^(Note 1) hazard classification)
Acute toxicity (oral)	Classification not possible (Note 2)
Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (Inhalation : gases)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (Inhalation : vapors)	Not applicable ^(Note 3)
Acute toxicity (Inhalation : dusts and mists)	Not applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified (Note 4)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Classification not possible
Respiratory sensitization	Classification not possible
Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible
Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible
Reproductive toxicity	Classification not possible
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Classification not possible
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Classification not possible
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable
Sources/references	Sections 2, 11 of the SDS issued by SHOWA
	DENKO K. K.

(Note 1) GHS (Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals): It is a system for classifying chemicals according to type and hazard level, and for indicating label information pursuant to the globally unified rules for offering Safety Data Sheets. (Note 2) Classification not possible: when unable to classify due to a lack of sufficiently reliable data for defining the classification.

(Note 3) Not applicable: when chemicals do not fall within the scope of classification because the physical properties defined in the GHS do not apply.

(Note 4) Not classified: when the hazards are believed to be less than even the lowest hazard classification defined in the GHS.

Effect assessment	Results (GHS hazard classification)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment	
Acute hazard	Classification not possible
Long-term hazard	Classification not possible
Hazardous to the ozone layer	Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (revised version): not included in the list
Sources/references	Sections 2 of the SDS issued by SHOWA DENKO K.K.

7. ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Environmental	Results
fate/dynamics	
Mobility in soil	No reliable data available.
Persistence/degradabi lity	No reliable data available.
Bioaccumulation potential	No reliable data available.
Conclusion about PBT/vPvB	The criteria for persistent bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT; remaining persistently in the environment and possessing high bioaccumulation potential and toxicity) and very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB; remaining very persistently in the environment and possessing very high bioaccumulation potential) chemicals are believed to inapplicable.
Other	Emissions of gas affecting global warming. Global warning potential (GWP 100years): 7,000
Sources/references	Section 12 of the SDS issued by SHOWA DENKO K.K.

8. EXPOSURE

	Exposure potentials through main uses
Occupational	Since the company's product is produced in a closed process, the
exposures	potential for occupational exposure is extremely limited. However,
	workers could inhale the substance, or their skin and eyes could come in
	direct contact with it when sampling, etc.
Consumer	The substance is not used in any case by general consumers.
exposures	
Environmental	Since the substance is normally manufactured and used in a closed
exposures	process, its emission into the environment is extremely limited.
	The substance exists in the form of gas under normal temperatures and
	pressures, and is believed to be dispersed in the air when discharged into
	the environment. Further, the substance could be promptly decomposed
	in the air.
Precautions	If there is the potential for exposure during use in other applications,
	please implement appropriate measures by referring to the risk
	management recommendations.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

	Risk management recommendations
Occupational	Technical measures
exposures	·Install a wash stand, eye washer and safety shower at places that
	manufacture, store or handle the product. Additionally, when handling
	the substance, implement the following technical measures.
	Local exhaust and total ventilation
	·Install local exhaust or total ventilation systems at places where the
	product is manufactured, stored or handled. Additionally, maintain
	appropriate air concentration levels.
	Protective equipment
	While working, wear appropriate protective eyewears, air-supplied
	respirators, clothes and protective gloves made of materials
	impermeable to octafluoropropane.

	Precautions
	·Managers responsible for processes should educate workers on the
	selection of appropriate protective gear, their proper usage and how to
	manage their working places.
Consumer	Normally, general consumers would not use the substance. However if it
exposures	is used, implement risk-management measures similar to those
	indicated in "Occupational Exposures" above.
Environmental	In order to prevent environmental exposures, implement preventive
exposures	measures against leakage into the atmosphere, for instance, treatment
	of the used gases containing octafluoropropane with an exhaust gas
	treatment facility, and also pay attention to the daily management and
	handling of the substance.
0 1	
Special	In the event of leakage, make certain to wear protective gear and deal
instructions	with it appropriately. Abide by the relevant acts and regulations when
(emergency	disposing the collected substance.
measures at times	
of leakage, etc.)	
Sources/references	Sections 6, 7, 8, and 13 of the SDS issued by SHOWA DENKO K.K.

10. STATE AGENCY REVIEW

Hazard assessment	Situations of review
International Chemical Safety Cards	No data

11. REGULATORY INFORMATION/ GHS CLASSIFICATION-LABELING INFORMATION

Regulatory information only in Japan

Applicable laws	Regulatory situations		
Foreign Exchange and	•Item (2), Appended Table 1-16 of Export Trade Control Order		
Foreign Trade Act			
Act on Port Regulations	Hazardous substances Compressed gas, Article 21-2 of the		
	Act, Article 12 of Enforcement Regulations		
Civil Aeronautics Act	Pressurized gases, Appended Table 1 specifying the		
	hazardous substances, Article 194 of the Enforcement		
	Regulations		
High Pressure Gas Safety	Safety Liquefied gas, Article 2-1 of the Act		
Act	•Non-flammable gas, Article 2-4 of Regulations for Safety		
	Precautions for High-Pressure Gas		
Ship Safety Act	High Pressure gas, Appended Table 1 specifying the		
	hazardous substances, Article 3 of Regulations for the		
	Carriage and Storage of Dangerous Goods in Ship		
Road Act	•Restrictions on vehicle traffic, Article 19-13 of the		
	Enforcement Ordinance, Appended Table 2 of Notification		
	No.12 of Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment		
	Agency		
UN classification	Class 2.2		
UN No.	UN2424		

Gild classification, laber mormation				
Hazards	Classification results (hazard information)			
Physical chemical hazards				
Gases under Pressure	Low Pressure liquefied gas			
Health hazards				
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified			
GHS label elements				
Pictogram or symbol				
Signal word	Warning			
Hazard statement	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.			

GHS classification, label information

12. CONTACT INFORMATION

Company name	SHOWA DENKO K.K.		
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13. DATE OF ISSUE AND REVISION, ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Date of issue: December 17, 2013

Revisions:

Date	e of revision	Revised	Revised item	Version
		section		

Special instructions: none

14. DISCLAIMER

This Safety Summary which is a translation of original Safety Summary prepared in Japanese, has been prepared as a part of the efforts by GPS/JIPS: Japan Initiative of Product Stewardship by the chemical industry. This Safety Summary is meant to provide an outline of information related to the safe handling of the subject substance rather than provide expert information regarding the risk assessment processes, the effect on human health or the environment, etc. Moreover it is not a replacement for the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), the Chemical Safety Report (CSR), or other risk assessment documents. To the greatest extent possible, the Safety Summary contains accurate statements based on laws, materials, information and other data available at the time of issue. However, it does not cover all such data. Additionally, it does not intend to provide a guarantee in any way.